

Dutch pavement management system main roads

• Two yearly monitoring friction and evenness, estimation of intervention year by models

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- Ravelling, cracks etc. by VCS, estimation of intervention year by expert judgement
- 70% porous asphalt, normative deterioration: ravelling
- Cracking hardly ever normative deterioration, but of importance for treatment

Experiences with automated ^{Evaluation of crack detection sy 4 august} crack monitoring (WiseCrax, 1998)

- Comparison with VCS
- Detection of cracks till 3 mm is poor on DAC and Porous Asphalt
- Good detection on DAC of cracks over 3mm, poor on Porous Asphalt

Recommendations:

- Increase pixel resolution, early detection of cracking is of importance to monitor progression
- Acquisition speed should be increased to at least 80 km/h to reduce traffic hindrance (was limited to 70 km/h)
- Forget automated monitoring of cracks on Porous Asphalt, concentrate on Ravelling

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Detection of ravelling on Porous Asphalt

- Visual analyses of pavement images of Porous Asphalt showed that ravelling cannot be detected from them
- Trials with texture analyses have been successful
- DWW developed an algorithm (Stoneway) based on "gaps" in the texture profile representing missing stones validated with VCS on the network level in 2003.



Future developments • Automated detection of ravelling and cracks and other surface deficits to make VCS obsolete • Possibly additional video inspection to detect the other surface deficits and to inspect the parallel lanes

2007: Start trials with new ARAN

- HDTV ROW video images
- 1mm resolution pavement images from line scan camera

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Software: Surveyor and WiseCrax

Flanders experiences with automated crack detection

- Year 2000: Tuning of Video-rating to VCS results on the network level
- Year 2001 and 2002: No more VCS but video rating from pavement images

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- From 2001 start experiments with WiseCrax
- From 2003 full operational use of WiseCrax, after modification to real time digital image acquisition to reduce time consuming analog to digital conversion

Hard situations

- Cracks with great width are not detected. The width exceeds expected width/length ratio
 On element surfaces the program detects
- rims as cracks
- Sometimes the rims of pavement markings are detected as cracks

 Other visual surface deficits than cracks (e.g. ravelling, bleeding, rim deterioration) are not detected. From 2005 these are acquired from ROW-images by manually operating the program Surveyor in parallel

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